

Telephone 618-694.

Bee, April 23, 1901.



Pretty Dress Skirts

Quantity is one thing—style and quality is another. Most ladies want one skirt at a time. It is quite possible to have a very large quantity, yet not have the thing a woman needs. Many stores are troubled that way. We aim to have only the newest and best styles and women can always be sure of finding exactly what they want at Thompson, Belden & Co.'s. Our goods are always new and fresh—no back numbers ever shown. Our black silk taffeta has been a revelation of charming elegance—prices \$10.00, \$15.00, \$18.00, \$20.00 and up to \$50.00.

Handsome Brilliantine Skirts—NEW ONES—at \$10.75, \$12 and \$15.

New Petticoats, new Wrappers, new Shirt Waists, and some new Summer Suits arrived yesterday. Pretty Silk Etons, in black, castor and oxford—also came by express—ready for selling tomorrow.

WE CLOSE SATURDAYS AT 6 P. M.
AGENTS FOR POSTER KID GLOVES AND McCALES PATTERNS.

THOMPSON, BELDEN & Co.

7, E. C. A. BUILDING, COR. 10TH AND DOUGLAS STS.

STIRS UP THE CUBAN VOTERS

Alleged Attempt to Exclude Nationalists from Registration Places.

MAJOR SHELLEY ACTS INDEPENDENTLY

Enters Registration Place Despite the Guards and Listens to Complaint of Minority of Board.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, April 23.—Intense partisan excitement was caused here yesterday by an alleged attempt of the republican party to exclude members of the national party from the registration places. It is asserted that hundreds of voters were refused registration certificates on various pretexts and that the registration boards gave preference to republicans over nationalists, who were ahead of them in the line.

The principal cause of protest rises from the qualification requiring a voter to be able to read and write, the tests being made without regard to age. Many fairly educated applicants were refused certificates because they had mispelled certain words.

Two men in one precinct declare that they were refused the privilege of registering today because they were unable to present birth certificates showing their ages, although there could be no question that they were old enough.

General Whitelides has given orders to the commander of the Rural guards to visit the registration offices and to investigate these charges. The city authorities object to this, declaring that it amounts to military interference and they protest vigorously.

Major Shelly ignores Guards.

At one registration office this morning the police refused to admit Major Shelly, commander of the Rural guards, but as he was acting under General Whitelides' orders he disregarded the police, entered the office and received the complaints of the minority members of the board. The other members left the office, but returned later. The republican press bitterly attacks the action of the military governor, asserting that it is an interference and that the military are in alliance with the nationalists.

The Cuban Libre, the principal organ of the nationalists, alleges unfairness on the part of the municipal government and on the part of the republicans. Late this afternoon the leaders on both sides conferred with General Whitelides, who assured them of his absolute impartiality, insisting that they should display equal fairness.

The June election is regarded as very important because of its probable influence on the election of delegates to the constitutional convention.

CLAY COUNTY COURT HOUSE

Costs Forty Thousand Dollars and When Done Will Be Free from Debt.

CLAY CENTER, Kan., April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Clay center and Clay county were today in holiday attire, the occasion being the laying of the cornerstone of the new courthouse. The stones were closed from 1 to 4 o'clock by request of the mayor. Committees of the Commercial club laid the details of the celebration in hand. Captain W. H. Fletcher was marshal of the day. The Masons, Grand Army of the Republic, veterans of the Spanish-American war, school children and all the fraternal orders of the county were in the parade. There were 10,000 people in town to take part. Attorney General Godard, C. C. Coleman and P. M. Hossington were the speakers. Hossington is grand master of Masons and with the assistance of the local Masonic lodge laid the cornerstone with the ancient ceremonies of the Masonic fraternity.

A banquet was given tonight in the Hotel Boham complimentary to the county commissioners and out-of-town guests. Tables were set for 150 and D. A. Valentine of the Times acted as toastmaster.

When the commissioners submitted the courthouse proposition to the voters they made, among other statements, the following: "Should the courthouse proposition carry it would give the county commissioners authority to levy a sinking fund not to exceed 3 mills in any one year." That was three years ago. There is now \$20,000 in the courthouse fund and when completed January 10, 1902, it will have cost the county \$40,000 and will be paid for on completion without bonds and without a cent of interest having been paid.

To Prevent Pneumonia and Grip
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause.

Rails Likely to Cost More.

NEW YORK, April 23.—The following statement concerning the price of steel rails was made at the office of the United States Steel corporation today:

The demand for rails is such that some of the railmakers are offered \$2 and the result will probably be that the general selling price will soon be advanced to \$2.80, although there is some opposition on the part of some leading manufacturers.

SHEEP FOR BLACK HILLS

Angora Breed Said to Thrive on South Dakota Buffalo Grass.

RAPID CITY, S. D., April 23.—(Special.)—A good many sheep are coming into this part of the country from the south. Sheep raisers have made money in the business in the last three or four years and the size of the flocks will be greatly increased. It is estimated that the wool clip for this season will amount to nearly 500,000 pounds of wool for the southern Black Hills districts. Nearly as many Angora sheep are coming in as the common breed. This animal has thrived better than expected on the buffalo grass of the Hills' ranges and, since Angora wool worth more than twice as much as common wool, there is considerable money in the Angora breed. It is stated that Eugene Holcomb, one of the largest cattle owners in this part of the Hills ranges, will this spring move most of his stock onto a range in Montana, and he intends to put about 6,000 head of sheep on his old Black Hills range.

WAKE UP TO HOME INDUSTRY

Black Hills People Show Disposition to Invest in Local Mining Properties.

DEADWOOD, S. D., April 23.—(Special.)—There seems to be a tendency in the Black Hills for local parties to invest in stocks in the companies operating in the mining districts at home. In the past very little home money has been put into propositions, nearly all of the dividends of the mines having gone as a consequence to persons living outside the Hills. The Homestake company has a few stockholders in the Black Hills, and so have the Golden Reward, Portland and Homestake companies. The stock in these companies was at one time very cheap, but now it is at a level very above or a little below par. There are people in this city who let Homestake stock go begging when it was on the market for a few dollars per share.

BUSINESS PORTION BURNS

Fire Starts in Oil House at Winfred and Causes Big Loss.

WINFRED, S. D., April 23.—The business portion of this place was nearly wiped out by fire this morning and the loss aggregates \$50,000. The fire was started in an oil house, by small boys.

South Dakota Incorporations.

PIERRE, S. D., April 23.—(Special.)—These articles of incorporation have been filed:

York and Colorado Mining company, at Pierre, with capital of \$100,000, incorporated under the name of J. J. Ketchum and L. L. Stephens.

Leahurst Coal and Transportation company, at Pierre, with capital of \$50,000, incorporated under the name of J. J. Ketchum and L. L. Stephens.

Non-Nic-O-Tin Separable Pipe company, at Pierre, with capital of \$10,000, incorporated under the name of J. J. Ketchum and L. L. Stephens.

People's Oil company, at Pierre, with a capital of \$50,000, incorporated under the name of J. J. Ketchum and L. L. Stephens.

Methodist church of Wakarusa, Clay county, Trustees, William Kuhler, Charles H. Evanson, Edward Ketchum and W. G. Wright.

Alleged Conspiracy Against Dentist.

EVANSTON, Wyo., April 23.—(Special.)—Charles E. Tolhurst has brought suit against James T. Keith and W. C. Cunningham for \$10,000 damages, for alleged malicious prosecution. Tolhurst alleges that he came to Evanston to practice dentistry and filed his diploma with the county clerk and that the defendants influenced the clerk to revoke the license and that he was thrown into jail and kept in a filthy place and starved.

He says he has been made the victim of a conspiracy and that his business and character have been damaged. Dr. Tolhurst is now practicing his profession at Rock Springs.

Smallest Among Indians.

PIERRE, S. D., April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Deputy Marshal Strayer returned last night from a trip on Cheyenne river. He reports smallpox prevalent among the Indians on Cherry creek and that two deaths have occurred. The agent at Cheyenne river is attempting to quarantine infected places and has placed a police patrol along Cheyenne river to prevent crossing either way. On account of a lack of caution on the part of the Indians the disease spreads rapidly when it gets a hold in a camp.

Buy for Mining Purposes.

LEAD, S. D., April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—Oto Grants today bought Benders' park in West Lead for \$100,000. The consideration is \$25,000. It is stated that the ground will be turned over to the Hidden Fortune Mining company of Denver. It joins the big block of ground bought by the company in the North Lead district.

Court Leases Masonic Temple.

DEADWOOD, S. D., April 23.—(Special Telegram.)—The United States court has leased the first floor of the new Masonic temple for \$2,000 per year.

EXPULSION FROM RUSSIA

Czar Signs the Decree and It is Served on the Aged Russian Author.

LONDON, April 23.—A special dispatch from Vienna says the czar has signed a decree expelling Count Leo Tolstoy from Russia and that the decree has been served.

CHICAGO'S CHIEF RESIGNS

Mr. Kipley Anticipates Mr. Harrison in Manipulating the Ar.

FRANKLY ASKS AND IS BLUNTLY TOLD

Calls on Carter and is Immediately Provided with the Information that His Days Are Numbered.

CHICAGO, April 23.—Chief of Police Joseph Kipley handed in his resignation this evening to Mayor Harrison.

For some time it has been evident from statements made by the mayor that he did not intend to reappoint Chief Kipley, and the appointment is to be announced next Monday the chief decided today to take matters into his own hands. He called upon the mayor and asked him in specific terms if he was wanted for another term. The mayor was as specific in his answer as Kipley was in his question. He told him that he had no intention of reappointing him. The chief then went back to his office, wrote out his resignation, sent it to the mayor, and calling up all the police stations in the city, announced that he was no longer chief of police.

Mayor Harrison declined to discuss the retirement of Kipley or give the name of his successor.

DEMAND BETTER CONDITIONS

Illinois Central Machinists Will Ask for Nine-Hour Day and Craft Rights.

CHICAGO, April 23.—A modification of the agreement with the Canadian Pacific railroad will form the basis of the demands which the International Association of Machinists will make upon the Illinois Central railway officials. This much was decided upon today at the conference of Illinois Central machinists in this city. It had been the intention to present the demands today, but the formation of the document was delayed so that it will not be ready before tomorrow. Second Vice President Harahan says he will receive the committee of machinists if the members are Illinois Central employees. On this point a clash is expected. The committee will stand, not as employees, but as members of the International association. Thereupon, it is believed, Mr. Harahan will refuse to treat with them.

The association asks that the company agree to a nine-hour day and urge that they be paid an increase of about 10 percent in wages, with extra pay for overtime and an allowance for time lost while out with wrecking crews. They ask that the terms of apprenticeship be changed, so that apprentices be employed between the ages of 15 and 16 years and that each apprentice be taught all branches of the trade instead of a specialty. In addition they demand arbitration and transportation and leave of absence for members of the grievance committee. Craft rights will also be insisted upon; that is, any machinist shall be permitted to call the foreman's attention to an infringement of craft rules.

"We demand that the standard of the Illinois Central be maintained," said W. Roderick, business agent of the Chicago district lodge of the International Association of Machinists. "I do not think there will be a strike. I think the company will yield, for our demands are not unreasonable. We have won every fight we have made. Our statement of demands will be presented to the company at once."

"I am sure there will be no strike," said Mr. Harahan of the Illinois Central. "This company has fewer strikes than any other, perhaps, because we have always been ready to discuss labor matters with our men."

"Frisco May Build to Mexico."

ST. LOUIS, April 23.—President and General Manager B. F. Yoakum of the St. Louis and San Francisco has returned to headquarters from New York and has conferred with the directors and investors concerning the various works of extension in which the Frisco is engaged.

When asked concerning the reported purchase of the Mexican Central by the Frisco company, President Yoakum stated that there was no truth in the story. Further than this no statement could be obtained from him as to the property that he admitted that the Frisco management is considering the extension of the line to Mexico, possibly south from Brownwood, Tex., toward Eagle Pass, where a connection will be made with the Mexican International (via Texas and New Mexico) the City of Mexico via the Mexican Central.

Burlington Directors Lack Quorum.

BOSTON, April 23.—The directors of the Burlington and Burlington railway were to have held a special meeting here today, but owing to the lack of a quorum adjourned until Thursday was taken.

SAM STRONG'S TRIAL BEGINS

Judge Palmer of Denver Will Hear Again Details of Victor Mine Explosion.

DENVER, April 23.—Trial of the suit against Sam Strong, the millionaire mine owner, for \$200,000 damages in consequence of the blowing up of the shaft house on the Strong mine at Victor, Colo., began here today, before Judge Palmer in the district court. The suit is brought by William Lennox, Edward W. Giddings and E. A. Colburn of Colorado Springs, all well known capitalists. N. D. Scott, of Victor, Colo., and Mrs. Dell Kearney, New Mexico. They hold a bond and lease on the Strong mine, and were operating the property, having put upon it an expensive equipment. On May 25, 1894, an explosion occurred in the mine, followed by fire, which destroyed the workings, the shaft house and machinery. Strong's responsibility is based upon the allegation by the plaintiffs that the mine was blown up at his instigation. They claim that Strong was dissatisfied with the lease and desired to obstruct the lessees in their operation of the rich property.

At the time of the explosion the miners in the Cripple Creek district were on a strike. Two strikers, Nicholas Tully and Robert Lyons, were accused of having caused the explosion, and were given gurnies and have served sentences for the crime. John E. Allen, a miner, has made a deposition, on which the present suit is based, to the effect that Strong paid him \$1,000 to blow up the mine. His deposition completely exonerates Tully and Lyons from complicity in the affair.

VICTORY OVER OIL COMPANY

Hull Merchant Gets Damages for Alleged Delay by Railway in Shipment.

SIoux CITY, Ia., April 23.—(Special.)—In a settlement of a \$10,000 damage suit G. O. Co. of Hull, Ia., an extensive wholesale dealer in oils, virtually won a victory over the Standard Oil company and its efforts to freeze him out. His suit named among other defendants the Great Western and the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroads, charging them with conspiracy to injure his business. It was alleged that the railroads conspired with the Standard company to delay oil shipped to the independent dealer, cars of oil being allowed to stand on sidetracks needlessly long while en route and thereby seriously injuring Coad's business.

PARDONED WHILE A SOLDIER

Joseph N. Wolfson, Convicted of Embezzlement, Secures Executive Clemency While in Army.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—The president today pardoned Joseph N. Wolfson, who was convicted in 1896 in the United States district court of Louisiana of being in collusion with the bookkeeper of the Union National bank of New Orleans in the embezzlement of \$50,000 of the funds of the bank and who was sentenced to eight years imprisonment.

The case is in many respects a remarkable one and has attracted considerable attention. Wolfson was a prominent lawyer in New Orleans before the failure of the bank in 1896 and had been a depositor in the institution for many years prior to that time. Of the missing funds he was charged with having obtained \$10,000. The long legal battle which ended in Wolfson's pardon then began. Wolfson had the aid of powerful and influential friends. The case was appealed to the circuit court of appeals, which affirmed the decision of the lower court, and was then carried to the supreme court.

Meantime, Wolfson continued the practice of his profession in New Orleans until the breaking out of the Spanish-American war. Being then under sentence with his case still pending in the supreme court, he enlisted in the volunteers and was sent to the front of the war and served until February, 1899, when he was mustered out. He then enlisted in the regulars and went to the Philippines, where he served until October, 1900, when he was discharged. In January of the present year the supreme court refused the writ of certiorari and Wolfson applied for executive clemency. He still has about one year to serve in the regular army before his term of service expires. He expects to be discharged in the Philippines immediately and to rejoin his regiment.

MAGEE DOCTOR BILL TOO BIG

State Will Contest Payment of Browning's Two Hundred Thousand Dollar Charge.

PITTSBURG, April 23.—The executors of the estate of the late C. M. Magee have determined that the claim of Dr. W. C. Browning for the sum of \$200,000, for professional services during the illness of the senator, will have to go to the Orphans' court of Allegheny county, and be passed upon by that body before the bill is settled.

H. S. A. Stewart, one of the executors, said today that the bill was beyond reason and that the people should not have the estate of the late senator burdened with it. The bill was presented at the opening of court today. The attorney asserted that on the day previous to the one on which Grogan was shot he had accused Eastman of being out with a girl. The next day while Grogan and Eastman were shooting on the farm, Grogan heard cries of "Help!" and the two men were seen engaged in a struggle. When neighbors reached Grogan he was lying on the ground, groaning and charging Eastman with having murdered him. Eastman answers the charges with the declaration that it was an accident.

MAKES DYING ACCUSATION

Death Words of Richard R. Grogan Are Related by Prosecuting Attorney.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., April 23.—In the trial of Charles R. Eastman, the Harvard instructor charged with the murder of his brother-in-law, Richard R. Grogan, Jr., the level of that on other words, said Dr. Eastman, was presented at the opening of court today. The attorney asserted that on the day previous to the one on which Grogan was shot he had accused Eastman of being out with a girl. The next day while Grogan and Eastman were shooting on the farm, Grogan heard cries of "Help!" and the two men were seen engaged in a struggle. When neighbors reached Grogan he was lying on the ground, groaning and charging Eastman with having murdered him. Eastman answers the charges with the declaration that it was an accident.

STRIKE DOES NOT OCCUR

Men of McKeesport Line, However, Say They Will Tie Up Road.

PITTSBURG, Pa., April 23.—The strike of the employees of the McKeesport Connecting railroad, ordered for this morning, did not take place and the system is being operated as usual. The strikers claim, however, that the road will be tied up before another day and that all of the men will refuse to work. Superintendent Deatti says the road will be operated in spite of the strike, and the men insist that this will be impossible.

MINERS' STRIKE BROKEN

Schenck & Co. of Belleair, O., Sign Scale Demanded by Coal Workers.

COLUMBUS, April 23.—The strike of 2,500 miners in subdistrict No. 6, which began Monday morning, was broken yesterday afternoon by the signing of the miners' scale by M. J. Schenck & Co. of Belleair, Belmont county, Ohio. The scale was signed by the miners and the company and the strike is believed to be followed immediately by the other operators along the Ohio river.

Transport Sheridan Sails.

WASHINGTON, April 23.—General MacArthur today informed the War department that the transport Sheridan sailed April 22 via Nagasaki, with Generals John C. Bates and Fred D. Grant, sixty-six officers and 1,822 enlisted men of the Forty-fifth and Forty-sixth infantry. Also that the transport Klutskamp arrived there yesterday.

Clears Smoke Too Soon.

Fire in the cigar store and Messenger Express office at Thirtieth and Douglas streets at 10 o'clock this morning did possibly \$50 damage.

TIME WAS UP

It Was Quit Coffee or Die.

When a woman is brought to the edge of the grave by poisoning from the drinking of ordinary coffee day by day, and is made a well woman by leaving it off, her experience is worth something to others that are poisoned in various ways from the same habit.

Mrs. Jeannette B. Brown, 100 Minor St., New Haven, Conn., says: "Four years ago my life hung on a very slender thread with liver, kidney and heart trouble, and a very severe form of rheumatism. I was confined to bed with hands, wrists, feet and ankles so badly swollen that they bore no resemblance to parts of the human body. I had frequent sinking spells from heart weakness when I was thought to be dying and sometimes thought to be dead. My doctor, one of the directors of the State Hospital, a very eminent man in his profession, told me to stop drinking coffee and use Postum Food Coffee, as he said coffee was the primary cause of my trouble."

"I took his advice at once and discontinued coffee. Slowly the swelling disappeared, the rheumatism left me, the sinking spells became less frequent, and I got out of bed and around the house. I was completely cured but it required some time."

For the past three years I have been a healthy, strong, healthy woman, sleep well, with good appetite, good color, active, and energetic.

"It is a great pleasure to testify to Postum that has made me a well woman again. I feel many thanks are due and in other parts of the state where there are Postum Food Coffee regularly, and I know to the very great benefit."

CALLAHAN JURY COMPLETE

Ready to Hear the Case Against Cudahy Kidnaping Suspect.

DEFENDANT EXPECTS TO BE ACCQUITTED

Specific Charge at This Trial is Robbery of Twenty-Five Thousand Dollars in Gold from Edward A. Cudahy.

JOHN M. BELL, farmer, Florence precinct, F. W. CONKLING, accountant, 3323 Dayton street, and WALTER B. FULLER, real estate agent, 110 Parker street, are the jurors called for the trial of Edward A. Cudahy, charged with kidnaping and robbery. A. S. JOSEPH, bricklayer, 3231 Kansas avenue, OLIN M'GUIRE, barber, Benson, W. E. MOORE, printer, 519 South Twenty-fifth street, C. E. NELSON, painter, 120 South Twenty-fifth street, JAMES PICKARD, printer, 2835 Franklin street, GEORGE SHAW, printer, 319 North Seventeenth street, W. H. SIDNER, collector, 1119 North Twentieth street, and JAMES WANGBERG, machinist, 401 North Thirtieth street.

These are the twelve men who will pass upon the guilt or innocence of James Callahan, whose trial on the charges of having participated in the kidnaping of Edward A. Cudahy Jr., began in the criminal branch of the district court yesterday morning. Callahan is being tried on the complaint filed by the county attorney, which charges that he and Edward A. Cudahy in four and forcibly stole and carried away from him the sum of \$25,000 in gold, constituting the crime of robbery.

The work of securing a jury was not as difficult as had been anticipated, it being necessary to examine only thirty of the 100 men drawn on the special panel in order to get twelve satisfactory jurors for the trial of the case. While all of the tallesemen examined were found to be familiar with the kidnaping story, very few of them had formed any opinion as to Callahan's connection with the case.

Jury Sworn In

The jury was sworn in and sworn a few minutes before 5 o'clock, and it would have been empaneled much sooner if Clerk Broadwell had not drawn the name of James P. Daly out of the box just after the prosecution had exhausted its peremptory challenges. Young Daly was unable to give the county attorney a satisfactory account of his employment during the past few years, his answers to questions not being consistent. The fact that the juror could not tell just when he had been employed in the various positions he mentioned, was only the first indication of his unfitness to serve on the case. It appeared a little further on in his examination that he lived near the Callahan home and knew all the Callahan family except James. After questioning Daly for more than an hour County Attorney Shields submitted a challenge for cause.

"Have you any special desire to serve on this jury?" sharply asked Judge Baker of Daly.

"No, your honor, I don't know that I have," replied the talleseman.

"Have you met any of the Callahan family recently?"

"How long have you known John?"

"Ever since we were both little boys."

"You've grown up with him—that is, in the same neighborhood?"

"Yes."

"And you've never met his brother Jim?"

"No."

"You're excused," roared the judge in disgust.

Proceedings of Forenoon

When Judge Baker opened court at 10 o'clock the room was crowded, but most of the people present were witnesses and jurors who were very few spectators outside of those whose duty required their presence in court, it being evident that public interest in the case had subsided.

Callahan was brought into court by Deputy Sheriff Flynn and he chatted pleasantly with his attorneys and the newspaper reporters until the opening of the session. He was dressed in a new black suit and had apparently just had a few satisfactory minutes with the jail barber. He was in the best of humor and expressed pleasure over the fact that the trial was at hand. "I am anxious to get out of jail," he said, "and that is why I'm glad the trial has been reached. If they convict me in this crime I'll be the most surprised man in the country. I can't possibly anticipate anything but a verdict of not guilty—because I had no more to do with that kidnaping than the judge."

Attorneys Express Confidence.

J. M. Macfarland and Charles W. Haller appeared as attorneys for Callahan and they both expressed themselves as being confident that the state could not make out a case against their client. They will set up an alibi for the defense and expect to make it complete.

County Attorney Shields is prosecuting the case with the assistance of General John C. Cowin, the private counsel of Edward A. Cudahy. They expect to identify Callahan as the man who remained as guard over Eddie Cudahy in the Melrose Hill prison house and they will endeavor to show that he participated in other acts connected with the abduction.

The first day of the trial was given up entirely to the examination of the jurors for qualification. Sheriff Power had served personal summons on all but two of the 150 jurors drawn on the special panel for the case, and there was no lack of material from which to select the twelve men who were to pass upon the guilt or innocence of James Callahan. The first twelve men called into the jury box were Timothy Carr, Michael Lisee, Thomas W. Shillington, C. A. Howard, Walter B. Fuller, W. E. Moore, John Martenson, C. E. Nelson, John H. Brock, John Wauberg, P. J. McGoldrick and C. E. Forbes.

Doubts the Newspapers.

Timothy Carr said he had formed no opinion as to the guilt or innocence of Callahan. He had read a great deal about the case, but that had not influenced him, because he "never believed anything in the newspapers." He is a resident of South Omaha and worked for the Cudahy Packing company at one time.

Michael Lisee was another juror from South Omaha and he had also worked for the Cudahy company. He had heard a great deal about the kidnaping, but had never talked about it himself and had formed no opinion in the case.

Thomas W. Shillington, a mail carrier living at 2921 North Twenty-first street, declared that he had heard Callahan to be innocent and no circumstantial evidence could be strong enough to remove that opinion from his mind.

C. A. Howard, a painter, of 2231 Sherman avenue, thought he had formed an opinion, but was quite sure of it. "I've heard to read a newspaper," said he "without forming any kind of an opinion in your mind of the kidnaping case."

Walter B. Fuller of 2719 Parker street said he was a real estate agent, had discussed the kidnaping with his friends and neighbors, but had never expressed an opinion as to who committed the crime.

W. E. Moore of 519 South Twenty-fifth avenue was sure that he could act on the jury without bias or prejudice. He had read all about the case, but had no idea as to the guilt or innocence of Callahan.

All of the other twelve men called at first,

with the exception of F. J. McGoldrick, declared that they had formed no opinions as to Callahan's connection with the case. McGoldrick had visited the jail and talked to Callahan about the case.

After the jury was sworn in Judge Baker announced that it had been decided to keep the jurors together during the trial. They would be provided with the best hotel accommodations available, said the court, and everything possible would be done to make their confinement comfortable.

DEATH RECORD.

Old-Time Circus Clown.

NEW YORK, April 23.—John Costello, an old-time circus clown, was taken suddenly ill and died in Taylor's hotel, in Roosevelt street, early today. According to one of his friends the man's circus name was Dan Costello and he was for many years one of the clowns in Barnum's shows and in the shows that combined with Barnum's later on. He is said to have made a good deal of money in the circus business and when he retired he went to New London, Conn., where he married a widow and opened a saloon. Costello did not succeed in business and it was not long before he was obliged to give up the saloon, in which he had sunk all his money. He came to this city and for some years worked at odd jobs on board ships and finally did laboring work.

Dr. William Daily.

AUBURN, Neb., April 23.—(Special.)—The funeral of Dr. William Daily was at the funeral home today. Dr. John Day, Mayor of Seward officiating and Drs. Shull, Mung, Boal, Dillon, Opperman and Tyler acting as pallbearers. Dr. Daily was 52 years old, was the oldest son of Hon. Samuel Daily, who represented Nebraska territory in congress. He had spent nearly all his life in business and in this country and for about seven years had lived in Auburn. He leaves a wife, one daughter, a mother, one sister and one brother.

Irrigation Expert.

DENVER, April 23.—E. S. Nettleton, for the last two years connected with the Department of Agriculture in Washington as an expert on matters pertaining to irrigation, is dead. He died at the Homeopathic hospital in this city of heart failure. He was 59 years of age. About a week ago in La Junta, Colo., Mr. Nettleton overexerted himself in running for a train and upon his arrival here was taken to the hospital, where he remained until his death. Mr. Nettleton had out the towns of Greeley, Colo., Colorado Springs and Manitou.

Surveyor of Seward County.

SEWARD, Neb., April 23.—(Special.)—George A. Kilpatrick, an old resident of this place, died at Crete, Neb., yesterday at 10:30 p. m. For twenty years he was surveyor of Seward county. He was a member of the Odd Fellows and Ancient Order of United Workmen. The deceased leaves a wife and several daughters.

George M. Allen.

DENVER, April 23.—George M. Allen, recently assigned to the rural free delivery service, with Denver as his headquarters, died this evening at the St. James hotel. Mr. Allen reached the city a week ago in feeble health, with a slight attack of pneumonia. A lesion of the brain had since developed.